

## CONSTRUCTION TRADES: HVAC I

Construction Technology: HVAC I incorporates classroom theory and hands-on laboratory experiences in trade related areas such as heat generation, ventilation, air conditioning and refrigeration systems. It also presents a history of building construction with a focus on the Heating and Cooling industry including present-day applications emphasizing future trends and construction / H.V.A.C.R. as a career. It provides practice in the operation, maintenance and safe operation of various tools including an incline manometer and refrigeration gauge manifold along with other HVACR trade specific tools. Personal and jobsite safety in all areas of HVACR will be covered. Students will learn the basic sequence of operations for gas, oil and electric furnaces and other HVAC equipment. The proper installation of duct systems will be covered as well as an introduction to compression systems used in mechanical refrigeration including the refrigeration cycle, thermodynamic principles, and system components. Students will also identify and interpret health, safety, and welfare standards and codes as dictated by local, state, or Federal agencies. Students will use mathematical principles to perform heating and cooling installation tasks and system charging procedures.

- DOE Code: 5497
- Recommended Grade Levels: 11
- Recommended Prerequisites: Introduction to Construction
- Credits: 2 semester course, 2 semesters required, 1-3 credits per semester, maximum of 6 credits
  - Counts as a Directed Elective or Elective for the General, Core 40, Core 40 with Academic Honors and Core 40 with Technical Honors diplomas

### Dual Credit

This course provides the opportunity for dual credit for students who meet postsecondary requirements for earning dual credit and successfully complete the dual credit requirements of this course.

### Application of Content and Multiple Hour Offerings

Intensive laboratory applications are a component of this course and may be either school based or work based or a combination of the two. Work-based learning experiences should be in a closely related industry setting. Instructors shall have a standards-based training plan for students participating in work-based learning experiences. When a course is offered for multiple hours per semester, the amount of laboratory application or work-based learning needs to be increased proportionally.

### Career and Technical Student Organizations (CTSOs)

Career and Technical Student Organizations are considered a powerful instructional tool when integrated into Career and Technical Education programs. They enhance the knowledge and skills students learn in a course by allowing a student to participate in a unique program of career and leadership development. Students should be encouraged to participate in SkillsUSA, the CTSO for this area.

## Content Standards

### Domain 1 – Safety

**Core Standard 1** Students integrate shop and workplace safety concepts into projects to ensure compliance with professional and governmental regulations.

### Standards

**HVACI-1.1** Demonstrate safe practices and procedures with power and hand tools.

**HVACI-1.2** Explain the characteristics of pressurized cylinders and gases used in brazing, soldering, leak testing, and refrigeration systems

**HVACI-1.3** Discuss the characteristics and concerns of heating fuels

**HVACI-1.4** Demonstrate an understanding of basic shop and workplace safety in compliance with OSHA standards

**HVACI-1.5** Demonstrate basic first aid procedures

**HVACI-1.6** Interpret health, safety, and welfare standards as dictated by local, state, or federal agencies

**HVACI-1.7** Discuss and demonstrate safe industry related procedures when working with electrical circuits

## **Domain 2 – Duct Systems**

**Core Standard 2** Students fabricate duct systems and fittings to install, maintain, and repair systems.

### **Standards**

**HVACI-2.1** Develop layout drawings to scale

**HVACI-2.2** Interpret schedules, drawings, and specifications shown on construction drawings to formulate a material list

**HVACI-2.3** Layout and calculate measurements for ductwork used in HVAC mechanical drawings

**HVACI-2.4** Use hand tools and shop equipment used to fabricate sheet metal duct and fittings

**HVACI-2.5** Layout and fabricate sheet metal and fiberglass duct fittings such as plenums, transitions, and elbows

**HVACI-2.6** Demonstrate proper installation techniques of sheet metal, fiberglass, and flexible duct systems

## **Domain 3 – Piping**

**Core Standard 3** Students apply and adapt the appropriate techniques to design and layout various piping systems

### **Standards**

**HVACI 3.1** Demonstrate refrigeration and gas piping connections including flaring, swaging, soldering, brazing, and NPT threading

**HVACI-3.2** Design and layout natural gas and propane piping schematics for use with rigid and flexible fuel delivery systems

**HVACI-3.3** Demonstrate ability to design, dry fit layout, and connect PVC Drain lines for condensate removal

## **Domain 4 – Electricity**

**Core Standard 4** Students analyze principles of electricity to repair, maintain, and troubleshoot HVAC systems.

### **Standards**

**HVACI-4.1** Understand the principles and applications of voltage, amperage, resistance, and power

**HVACI-4.2** Identify the applications of transformers and low voltage circuits

**HVACI-4.3** Explain the concepts of low voltage switches, relays, thermostatic and pressure controls

**HVACI-4.4** Identify common electrical schematic symbols used in furnace and refrigeration electrical diagrams

**HVACI-4.5** Understand the basic principles of the National Electric Code (NEC), it's use, and application in the Heating and Cooling industry

### **Domain 5 – Heating Fundamentals**

**Core Standard 5** Students evaluate various fuels, procedures, and controls to maintain and service heating appliances

#### **Standards**

**HVACI-5.1** Demonstrate the use of the tools, test equipment and materials used in heating equipment installation and service

**HVACI-5.2** Explain the combustion and heating process of a fossil fuel furnace

**HVACI-5.3** Explain the operation of safety devices and components

**HVACI-5.4** Describe the sequence of operation for all levels of furnace efficiencies

**HVACI-5.5** Identify various ignition systems and flame proving devices

**HVACI-5.6** Explain and measure fuel pressure readings and scales

**HVACI-5.7** Discuss operational parameters of hot water and steam boiler systems

**HVACI-5.8** Describe different venting requirements from atmospheric to induced draft heating appliances

**HVACI-5.9** List basic code requirements pertaining to furnace installation

**HVACI-5.10** Measure and perform start-up procedures for new heating equipment

**HVACI- 5.11** Check for the proper airflow range using an airflow calculator taking the return air dry bulb and wet bulb temperatures for proper supply air dry bulb temperature.

### **Domain 6 – Refrigeration Fundamentals**

**Core Standard 6** Students analyze refrigeration principles to repair, install, and troubleshoot air conditioning systems

#### **Standards**

**HVACI-6.1** Demonstrate the use of the tools, test equipment and materials used in refrigeration equipment installation and service

**HVACI-6.2** Define and understand pressure and vacuum scales and measurement

**HVACI-6.3** Define key terms and components associated with refrigeration systems

**HVACI-6.4** Explain the basic principles of heat transfer and thermodynamics

**HVACI-6.5** Identify refrigerant pressure and temperature relationship

**HVACI-6.6** Identify refrigerant states throughout a refrigeration system such as superheated, subcooled, and saturated conditions

**HVACI-6.7** Explain the principles and importance of proper system evacuation and dehydration

**HVACI-6.8** Identify the steps and procedures necessary to perform new equipment start-up in accordance with manufacturers recommendations

**HVACI-6.9** Analyze refrigeration systems based on superheat, subcooling, compressor amps, evaporator temperature drop, and loads

**HVACI-6.10** Explain the basics of ozone depletion and refrigerant conservation as outlined by Section 608 of the Clean Air Act

### **Domain 7 – Employability Skills, Career Development and Exploration**

**Core Standard 7** Students will explore, evaluate and prepare for their future careers in the HVACR field  
**Standards**

**HVACI-7.1** Explore HVACR career options through research, career presentations, field trips, job shadowing, and post secondary visits.

**HVACI-7.2** Develop an understanding of how a technician’s appearance and attitude affects employment and the expected HVAC industry standards for appearance in the work place.

**HVACI-7.3** Develop career resume to expected industry standards

**HVACI-7.4** Develop career readiness portfolio of acquired HVAC industry certifications, training certificates, and accomplishments

**HVACI-7.5** Participate in and complete mock HVAC interview training and debriefing conference